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United States

Safety Data Sheet

The Ortho Group P.O. Box 190 Marysville, Ohio 43040 United States 24 h. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (U.S.) 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (International) 1-703-527-3887 Non-Emergency Calls 1-937-644-0011

TANGLEFOOT TREE PRUNING SEALER 1

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : TANGLEFOOT TREE PRUNING SEALER 1

Product type : Registration Not Required

SDS # : 320000009118

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use only in accordance with label directions.

Section 2. Hazards identification

This product is regulated by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) for label precautionary text see Section 15.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

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Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice

is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling.

Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash

with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified**: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: Not available.Other means of identification: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	>= 10 - < 25	68476-86-8
Benzene, dimethyl-	>= 10 - < 25	1330-20-7
Benzene, ethyl-	>= 10 - < 25	100-41-4
Acetylene black	>= 1 - < 3	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

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Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the

exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

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suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

he

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

may burst.Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel :

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses,

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basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	None.
Benzene, dimethyl-	None.

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OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Benzene, ethyl-**TWA** 435 mg/m3, 100 ppm STEL 545 mg/m3, 125 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 435 mg/m3, 100 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) **TWA** 435 mg/m3, 100 ppm **STEL** 545 mg/m3, 125 ppm ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) **TWA**, 20 ppm Notes: Biological exposure index or indicies recommended for substance listed Acetylene black OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) **TWA** 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) **TWA** 3.5 mg/m3 Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix C - Supplemental Exposure Limits **TWA** Notes: Carbon black in presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix C - Supplemental Exposure Limits ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

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showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used

when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying

with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits

of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid [Viscous liquid to paste]

Color : Amber to green-brown

Odor : Solvent.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 6.4

Melting point : Not available. **Boiling point** : 94 °C (201.20 °F)

Flash point : $> 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (212.00 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$

Evaporation rate : Not available. **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

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Lower and upper explosive Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits

Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available. **Solubility** Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available.

Viscosity **Dynamic:** Not available. Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will Possibility of hazardous reactions

not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data. **Incompatible materials** No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	> 5 mg/l	4 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to humans or animal life.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Eyes -	Rabbit	2.0		-
	Redness of				
	the				
	conjunctivae				
	Skin -	Rabbit	2.3		-
	Erythema/Es				

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char		

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Irritating

Eyes : Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory: May cause respiratory irritation

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
	Skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not sensitizing - based on the individual components.

Respiratory : No results available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No results available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Neurological hazard.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Benzene, ethyl-		2B	
Acetylene black		12B	

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of : Not available.

exposure

Potential chronic health effects

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Conclusion/Summary No results available.

General No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available. **Conclusion/Summary**

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

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Version: Date of issue/Date of revision: Validity date ***. Date of previous issue: 00/00/0000 version

Regulatory					
<u>information</u>	UN no.	Proper shipping name	Class	PG*	<u>Note</u>
DOT	1950	Aerosols flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)	2.1	(,)	
IATA (C)	1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	(,)	
IATA (P)	1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	(,)	
IMDG	1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	(,)	
TDG	1950	AEROSOLS flammable	2.1	(,)	
PG* : Packing	group				

Section 15. Regulatory information

Precautionary statements

Signal word : CAUTION!

Emergency Overview: CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Keep out of reach of children.

Exposure to heat may cause bursting. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Do not store above 120F (49C).

Avoid prolonged exposure to sunlight.

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Contains petroleum distillates

Do not ingest. Causes eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b):

At least one component is not listed.

State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Benzene, ethyl-	Yes.	No.	41 µg/day	No.
	Yes.	No.	54 μg/day	No.
Acetylene black	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

International lists

National inventory

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Australia : At least one component is not listed.

Canada : At least one component is not listed.

China : At least one component is not listed.

Europe : At least one component is not listed.

Japan : At least one component is not listed.

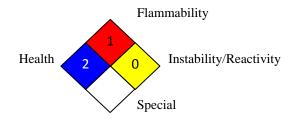
Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand: At least one component is not listed.Philippines: At least one component is not listed.Republic of Korea: At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	On basis of test data
Muta. 1B, H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : Validity date***. **Version** : 1.0

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