MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HE225F - NEOPRENE FLASHING SEALANT - FLASHING GRADE

1. Product And Company Identification

Manufacturer
HENRY COMPANY
909 N. Sepulveda Blvd., Suite 650
El Segundo, CA 90245-2724

Company Contact: Technical Services
Telephone Number: (800) 486-1278
Web Site: www.henry.com www.bakor.com

Manufacturer Emergency Contacts & Phone Number
CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300
CHEMTREC: (703) 527-3887
CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666

Issue Date: 03/04/2008
Supersedes MSDS Dated: 09/14/2004

Product Name: HE225F - NEOPRENE FLASHING SEALANT - FLASHING GRADE
Product Code: HE225F

2. Composition/Information On Ingredients

Ingredient Name	CAS Number		Percent Of Total Weight
petroleum distillates	mixture		15 - 40
carbon black	1333-86-4		0.5 - 1.5
cellulose fiber	9004-34-6		3 - 7
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		1 - 5
talc	14807-96-6		0.5 - 1.5
wollastonite	13983-17-0		7 - 13
inert ingredients			<Balance>

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION! Combustible Liquid. Central nervous system depressant. Vapor may cause light-headedness, headache, nausea, loss of coordination and respiratory tract irritation. Causes skin irritation.

Appearance/Odor: Creamy, white liquid, strong petroleum solvent odor.

3. Hazards Identification

Primary Routes(s) Of Entry
Inhalation

Eye Hazards
May cause eye irritation (burning, tearing, redness or swelling).

Skin Hazards
May cause skin irritation and contact dermatitis upon prolonged contact.

Ingestion Hazards
May be harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation Hazards
Exposure to vapors may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause central nervous system depression, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination.

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effects
This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See

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3. Hazards Identification - Continued

Chronic/Carcinogenicity Effects - Continued
Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for more details.

4. First Aid Measures

Eye
In case of contact, hold eyelids apart and immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.

Skin
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected areas with soap and water.

Ingestion
Get medical attention immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious victim. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation
Remove the person from the contaminated area to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Note To Physician
Aspiration of liquid into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting can cause lung inflammation, serious lung damage and even death from chemical pneumonitis.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: 105 °F
Flash Point Method: Setaflash
Lower Explosive Limit: 0.9
Upper Explosive Limit: 6.0

Fire And Explosion Hazards
Combustible Liquid. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread long distances and ignite.Thermal decomposition (burning) may release irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, vapors and fumes.

Extinguishing Media
Chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), or dry chemical. Do not use direct stream of water.

Fire Fighting Instructions
Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite). Collect and dispose in accordance with applicable regulations. Avoid runoff to waterways and sewers. For large spills, contain runoff and recover by pumping with explosion proof equipment.

7. Handling And Storage

Handling And Storage Precautions
Keep away from ignition sources. Keep containers tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not handle or store near heat, sparks, flame, strong oxidants or strong acids. Use only with adequate ventilation.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls
Use with adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. When used outdoors, stay well away from building air intakes or close and seal the intakes to prevent product from entering building.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection - Continued

Eye/Face Protection
Chemical splash goggles or faceshield over safety glasses or goggles recommended.

Skin Protection
Use with chemical-protective gloves to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory Protection
This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

The level of respiratory protection needed should be based on the evaluation of chemical exposures by a health or safety professional. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and particulate filter or supplied air respirator.

Occupational Exposure Limits for individual ingredients (if available) are listed below.

Ingredient(s) - Exposure Limits
petroleum distillates
OSHA PEL-TWA 500 ppm
carbon black
ACGIH TLV-TWA 3.5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL-TWA 3.5 mg/m3
cellulose fiber
ACGIH TLV-TWA 10 mg/m3
stoddard solvent
ACGIH TLV-TWA 100 ppm
OSHA PEL-TWA 500 ppm
talc
ACGIH TLV-TWA 2 mg/m3
OSHA PEL-TWA 20 mppcf
wollastonite
Canadian Exposure Limits: Canada, Quebec 1 fibre/cm3 (wollastonite TWAEV)

9. Physical And Chemical Properties

Appearance
Creamy, White Liquid

Odor
Strong petroleum solvent odor

Chemical Type: Mixture
Physical State: Liquid
Boiling Point: 310-400 °F
Specific Gravity: 1.17
Percent Volatiles: 29.6
Vapor Pressure: 2@68ºF
Vapor Density: >1
pH Factor: not applicable
Solubility: insoluble in water
Evaporation Rate: <1

10. Stability And Reactivity

Stability: Stable
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Incompatible Materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Toxic and irritating gases, vapors or fumes, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2).

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity
IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B): carbon black

Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist.

Miscellaneous Toxicological Information
Toxicological testing has not been conducted for this product overall. Available toxicological data for individual ingredients are summarized below.

Ingredient(s) - Carcinogenicity
wollastonite
Listed In The IARC Monographs

Ingredient(s) - Toxicological Data
petroleum distillates
LD50 (oral, rat): 2900 mg/kg
carbon black
rat LC50: 6750 mg/m3 4-hr exposure
cellulose fiber
LD50 (oral, rat): >2000 mg/kg
LC50 (rat): >5800 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure)
stoddard solvent
oral-rat LD50: >5000 mg/kg
dermal-rabbit LD50: >3000 mg/kg
inhal-rat LC50: >5500 mg/m3 (880 ppm)
inhal-rat LC50: >1300 ppm

12. Ecological Information

No specific information available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state and local government regulations.

14. Transport Information

Ground or Water Domestic Voyage

Not restricted if shipped in containers<450L (119 gallons)
Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons)

US NA1993, Combustible liquid, n.o.s., (Petroleum Distillates mixture), Combustible liquid, III

14. Transport Information - Continued

Canada UN1999, Tars liquid, 3, III

Unless departs>flash point:

Both UN3256, Elevated Temperature liquid, flammable, n.o.s., (Petroleum Distillates mixture), 3, III

IMDG IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages

IATA UN1999, Tars liquid, 3, III

DOT (Pictograms)

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulatory Information

Asphalt may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

Ingredient(s) - State Regulations

petroleum distillates
- New Jersey - Workplace Hazard
- Pennsylvania - Workplace Hazard

carbon black
- New Jersey - Workplace Hazard
- Pennsylvania - Workplace Hazard
- California - Proposition 65
- Massachusetts - Hazardous Substance

cellulose fiber
- Pennsylvania - Workplace Hazard

stoddard solvent
- New Jersey - Workplace Hazard
- Pennsylvania - Workplace Hazard
- Massachusetts - Hazardous Substance
- New York City - Hazardous Substance

talc
- New Jersey - Workplace Hazard
- Pennsylvania - Workplace Hazard
- Massachusetts - Hazardous Substance

Canadian Regulatory Information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. WHMIS Classification: B3 - Combustible Liquid, D2B - Toxic

Ingredient(s) - Canadian Regulatory Information

carbon black
- WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

stoddard solvent
- WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

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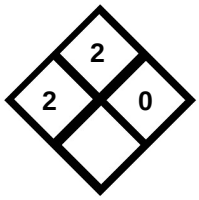
WHMIS - Canada (Pictograms)

NFPA



HMIS

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	2
REACTIVITY	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	

16. Other Information

Revision/Preparer Information

This MSDS Supersedes A Previous MSDS Dated: 09/14/2004

Disclaimer

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